

GANGRENE CAUSED PRESIDENT'S DEATH. ROOSEVELT'S POLICY TO FOLLOW M'KINLEY.

ROOSEVELT WEPT WHILE BEING SWORN AS PRESIDENT

BUFFALO, Sept. 14.—Theodore Roosevelt took the oath of office as President at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon. The ceremony took place in the Wilcox mansion, a short distance from the Milburn house, where Mr. McKinley lay dead.

The place selected was the library of Mr. Wilcox's house. A pretty bay window with stained glass and heavy hangings formed a background, and against this Mr. Roosevelt took his position. Surrounding him were the five members of the Cabinet: Secretaries Root, Hitchcock, Long, Wilson and Postmaster-General Smith.

Nearby were Senator Chauncey N. Depew, Judge of the Court of Appeals, Haight, John Seaward, Mr. and Mrs. Ansley Wilcox, Miss Wilcox, George P. Sawyer, Doctors Mann, Park and Stockton, Mr. and Mrs. Carleton Sprague, Mr. and Mrs. John G. Milburn, Secretary to Mr. Roosevelt, William Loeb, Jr., Secretary to the late President, George B. Cortelyou, Dr. and Mrs. Charles Carey, R. C. Seaward, J. D. Sawyer, William Jeffers, official telegrapher of the United States Senate and Judge of the United States District Court, John F. Board, Judge Hazel stood near the President in the bay window, and the latter showed his almost extreme nervousness by plucking at the lapel of his long rock coat and nervously tapping the hardwood floor with his heel.

At precisely 3:32 o'clock Secretary

Root ceased his conversation with Mr. Roosevelt, and stepping back, while an absolute hush fell upon every one in the room, said in an almost inaudible voice:

"Mr. Vice-President: I—"

Then his voice broke and for fully two minutes the tears came down his face and his lips quivered so that he could not continue his utterances. There were sympathetic tears from those about him, and two great drops ran down either cheek of the successor of McKinley.

Mr. Root's chin was on his breast. Suddenly throwing back his head, as though with an effort, he continued in a broken voice:

"I have been requested on behalf of the Cabinet of the late President—at least those who are present in Buffalo, all except two—to request that for reasons of weight affecting the affairs of government you should proceed to take the constitutional office of President of the United States."

Roosevelt's Pledge.

Judge Hazel had stepped to the rear of the President, and Mr. Roosevelt, coming closer to Secretary Root, said in a voice that at first wavered, but finally came deep and strong, while his hand to control his nervousness he held firmly the lapel of his coat with his right hand:

"I shall take the oath at once in ac-

cordance with your request, and in this hour of deep and terrible national bereavement I wish to state it shall be my aim to continue absolutely the policy of President McKinley for the peace and prosperity and honor of our beloved country."

The President stepped farther into the bay window and Judge Hazel, taking up the Constitutional oath of office which had been prepared on parchment, asked the President to raise his right hand and repeat it after him. There was a hush in the room as the Judge read a few words at a time, and Mr. Roosevelt in a strong voice, with his raised hand as steady as if carved from marble, repeated it after him.

"And thus I swear," he ended it. The hand dropped by the side, the chin for an instant rested on the breast and the silence remained unbroken for a couple of minutes as though the new President of the United States was offering silent prayer.

Judge Hazel broke the silence, saying:

"Mr. President, please attach your signature."

And the President, turning to a small table nearby, wrote "THEODORE ROOSEVELT" at the bottom of the document in a firm hand.

"I should like to see the members of the Cabinet a few moments after this ceremony," said the President, and he was the signal for the scope of the people who had been favored by witnessing the ceremony to retire.

BULLET ENTERED THE PRESIDENT'S KIDNEY

MILBURN HOUSE, BUFFALO, Sept. 14.—The bullet which

struck over McKinley's breast bone did not pass through the skin and did little harm. The other bullet passed through both

walls of the stomach near its lower border. Both holes were found to be perfectly closed by the stitches, but the tissue

around each hole had become gangrenous. After passing

the stomach the bullet entered the back walls of the abdomen, hitting and tearing the upper end of the kidney. This portion

of the bullet track was also gangrenous, the gangrene involving the pancreas. The bullet has not yet been found.

LATE RESULTS AT SHEEPSHEAD BAY.

Sixth Race—The Amazon 1; Dolando 2; Kinnikinnie 3.

Fifth Race—Sister Juliet 1; City Bank 2; Eddie Busch 3.

CINCINNATI AT PITTSBURG.

At Pittsburg—First game—Cincinnati, 3; Pittsburg, 5.

Second game—End seventh: Cincinnati, 2; Pittsburg, 8.

VAN WYCK WANTS FUNERAL HERE.

SENDS MESSAGE OF CONDOLENCE TO MRS. M'KINLEY.

Mayor Van Wyck today sent this despatch to Secretary of State John Hay at Buffalo:

"The people of this city of New York, desirous of an opportunity of doing honor to the dead President, request that the arrangements for the obsequies include a public funeral in this city."

Mayor Van Wyck issued this proclamation today:

"To the People of the City of New York: The President of the United States lies dead in the city of Buffalo, foully murdered by the hand of an assassin. The whole civilized world deeply deplors the untimely ending of a noble and honorable life devoted to the service of his country."

"In view of this great sorrow, I have directed that the City Hall be draped in mourning and that the flag be placed at half-mast on all public buildings and school-houses, and I hereby call on the people of the city of New York, as a further manifestation of their sympathy and sorrow, to drape their residences and places of business in mourning and to keep the flags at half-mast during this period of sorrow."

"In witness whereof I hereunto affix my hand and seal this 14th day of September, 1901."

"ROBERT A. VAN WYCK, Mayor."

The Mayor sent this despatch to Mrs. McKinley at Buffalo:

"The people of the city of New York, in deepest grief over the death of your well-beloved and ever-to-be-lamented husband, beg to present their condolences and to extend their intense sympathy to you in your overwhelming anguish and sorrow."

"ROBERT A. VAN WYCK, Mayor."

POST-OFFICE NOT DRAPED.

Law Forbids Mourning Emblems on Public Buildings.

The only symbols of mourning that will be displayed on the Post-Office building will be the two flags at half-mast for the next thirty days. Postmaster Van Cott had made an agreement with a decorator to drape the buildings in mourning, but to-day the contract was abrogated as the instructions of the Secretary of the Treasury to the Custodians of Public Buildings direct as follows:

"The draping of public buildings is prohibited by the law, which provides that hereafter no building owned or used for public purposes by the Government of the United States shall be draped in mourning, and no part of the public funds shall be used for such purposes."

AUTOPSY DID NOT REVEAL BULLET.

Doctors Will Now Try to Locate It with an X-Ray Machine.

BUFFALO, Sept. 14.—The autopsy held on President McKinley showed, Dr. Myrner announced immediately after it was over, that death was the direct result of gangrene produced by the bullet wound.

It was announced that the bullet sup-

posed to have lodged in the muscles of the back had not been found. A further search will be made.

An X-ray machine will be used to ascertain its location. One has been sent for and it is expected the further examination will be made to-day.

POPE WEEPS AND PRAYS FOR SOUL OF M'KINLEY.

Leo Cries with Uncontrollable Emotion when News Reaches Him—Prayed an Hour.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—A special despatch from Rome says the Pope prayed an hour to-day for the soul of President McKinley.

The Pontiff wept with uncontrollable emotion on receiving the news of the President's death.

All audiences at the Vatican have been suspended.

JOHN G. MILBURN'S TRIBUTE TO THE PRESIDENT'S BRAVE WIDOW.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE EVENING WORLD:
Mrs. McKinley is standing the terrible ordeal so bravely that our love and sympathy go out to her in overwhelming volumes. She will be able to accompany the Cabinet to Washington on Monday.

JOHN G. MILBURN.

QUICK TRIAL FOR LEON CZOLOOSZ.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 14.—The Commercial says: "District Attorney Thomas Penny to-day took steps to bring Leon Czolgosz, the assassin of President McKinley, to an immediate trial for that crime."

"On Monday morning Mr. Penny will present to the County Court Grand Jury now in session the evidence of the dastardly crime, and there is not the slightest shadow of doubt that Leon Czolgosz will be indicted for murder in the first degree."

"County Judge Edward K. Emery will immediately receive the report of that indictment from the Grand Jury."

"District Attorney Penny will at once move that the indictment be transferred to the Supreme Court for trial, as capital offenses cannot be tried in the County Court. Judge Emery will grant the desired order of transfer."

"Then Czolgosz can be arraigned to stand to the indictment on Monday, Sept. 23."

"District Attorney Penny is perfectly confident that Czolgosz will be convicted."

BILLION \$ STEEL STRIKE SETTLED.

Gigantic Labor Struggle Ended in This City--Back to Work Monday.

The big strike against the Billion-dollar American Tin Plate Company, and Dollar Steel Trust was settled in this city this afternoon at a conference held in the Battery Park Building between representatives of the Amalgamated Association and the Steel Trust. The agreement was signed by both sides, and the men will return to work on Monday.

The strikers' interests were safeguarded by President Theodore J. Shaffer and Benjamin I. Davis and M. P. Tighe, of the Executive Board of the Amalgamated Association.

The Steel Trust was represented by Warner Arms, second vice-president of the National Tube Company; M. McMurry, president of the Sheet Steel Company; Daniel G. Reid, president of

EMMA GOLDMAN DOES NOT REGRET M'KINLEY'S DEATH.

CHICAGO, Sept. 14.—"Emma Goldman is still at Harrison street police station," said Chief of Police O'Neill, when his attention was directed to a story that she had been spirited away from fear of mob violence.

"There's no occasion for alarm and there is no reason for her removal from her present quarters."

Early this morning about 100 men started for the woman's annex of Harrison street station, loudly threatening to lynch Miss Goldman, but there was no real violence offered.

Emma Goldman sat this morning in a comfortable room in the woman's annex of the Harrison Street Police Station.

She was cynical and defiant. She remained where she has been confined since her arrest and still has the liberty of the matron's office.

"Do you feel no sorrow to-day?" she was asked.

"No!" she exclaimed, in a harsh voice. "You read the account of how a crowd of people gathered in the street, prayed and sang hymns when they heard the news? Have you no feeling for their sorrow?" was asked.

"They were ignorant, deceived," she snapped out the words and beat the paper in which she read the account with clinched fist. "I see no reason for regretting McKinley's death."

Mrs. McKinley Is Strong Enough to Accompany Funeral Train to Washington on Monday, but President Roosevelt Will Not Be One of the Party—Unusual Precautions Taken to Guard Him.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT WAS SWORN IN AS PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES BY UNITED STATES JUDGE HAZEL IN THE WILCOX RESIDENCE, BUFFALO, AT 3:30 O'CLOCK THIS AFTERNOON.

In taking the oath of office Col. Roosevelt said:

"IN THIS HOUR OF DEEP AND NATIONAL BEREAVEMENT I WISH TO STATE THAT IT SHALL BE MY AIM TO CONTINUE ABSOLUTELY UNBROKEN THE POLICY OF PRESIDENT M'KINLEY FOR THE PEACE AND PROSPERITY AND HONOR OF OUR BELOVED COUNTRY."

Gangrene produced by the bullet wound in the stomach caused the death of the President. This finding was the result of the autopsy held to-day. The bullet was not located and an X-ray machine will be used.

The body of the President will, on Monday morning next, at 7 o'clock, be removed from Buffalo to Washington, where it will lie in state until Wednesday afternoon, when it will be taken to Canton. There the interment will take place on Thursday.

President Roosevelt will not go to Washington on the funeral train. Extraordinary measures have been taken to insure his safety.

ARRANGING LAST HONORS FOR THE DEAD PRESIDENT.

BUFFALO, Sept. 14.—The body of the President will be started from here on its journey to Washington on Monday morning at 7 o'clock, if the plan decided upon at the Cabinet meeting this forenoon is carried out. Brief services will be held here to-morrow night.

The body will lie in state in Washington, and interment will be made in Canton, O., Thursday.

Attorney-General Knox, after the Cabinet meeting broke up, said that the death of the President devolved all the duties and powers of the office upon the Vice-President, but that the Constitution requires that he take the prescribed oath before he could exercise them.

Judge John R. Hazel, of the United States Circuit Court, was summoned to be at the Milburn house at 1 o'clock, presumably for the purpose of swearing in President Roosevelt.

The session of the Cabinet was concluded at 1:15, at which time no word has been received from Mr. Roosevelt, and the members left the house immediately, taking carriages for Mr. Wilcox's residence, where they were to await the arrival of the new President.

They said that the entire programme for the funeral had been agreed upon and that Secretary Cortelyou was preparing an official statement of the proceedings from the time the body is taken to Washington on Monday to the interment on Thursday.

The Cabinet did not consider the question of submitting their resignations to the new President. That, they said, could be attended to later. But, following precedent, they will, of course, hand in their resignations as soon as the proprieties of the occasion will admit.

The programme agreed upon by the Cabinet includes provision for a

OFFICIAL PROGRAMME OF PRESIDENT M'KINLEY'S FUNERAL.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—Gen. Gillespie, Acting Secretary of War, has received the following telegram from Col. Bingham, at Buffalo, relative to funeral arrangements of the late President:

"Funeral train leaves here Monday morning (8:30) for Washington via the Pennsylvania Railroad and Harrisburg; arrive before 10 night."

"If possible body will lie in east room of the White House Monday night. Mrs. McKinley and family will sleep in the Executive Mansion."

"Tuesday morning removal to Capitol to lie in state till Wednesday, probably 2 P. M., when train will leave for Canton via Harrisburg and Pittsburg."

"Gen. Brooke will reach here at 5 P. M. After the Cabinet conference the Secretary will have further word for Washington."

Company of engineers from Willet's Point, two troops of cavalry from Fort Myer and one light battery from Washington Barracks. The two regiments of the District of Columbia National Guard also will participate.

Gen. Miles will command the troops if he reaches here in time. Otherwise they will be commanded by Major-General Brooke, commanding the Department of the East.

On Monday at 7 A. M. the body will start for Washington on a special train in which the Cabinet as well as the family will embark.

Arriving there in the evening the body will be taken to the White House, where it will remain overnight and on Tuesday it will be taken formally to the Capitol, where the state funeral will be held.

On Wednesday the body will be escorted to Canton, and on Thursday interment will take place at President McKinley's old home.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—Orders have been issued for the assembling of troops in Washington to participate in President McKinley's funeral services.

The force will consist of a band and six companies of coast artillery from Fort Monroe, two companies of coast artillery from Fort Washington, one

personally by the King.

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